

1. We have

$$202202 = 202 \cdot 1001 = (2 \cdot 101)(7 \cdot 11 \cdot 13) = 22(7 \cdot 13 \cdot 101),$$

so the answer is  $7 \cdot 13 \cdot 101 = \boxed{9191}$ .

2. The triangle is right with legs 3, 4 so the answer is  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 \cdot 4 = \boxed{6}$ .

3. We have that

$$43 = x - \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{4} = \frac{x}{4},$$

so  $x = 4 \cdot 43 = \boxed{172}$ .

4. Let  $E$  denote the expression. Then order of operations gives

$$\begin{aligned} E &= (1 + 5) \times [(5 \times 3) - 2^2] - 3^2 \times 2 \\ &= 6 \times [15 - 2^2] - 3^2 \times 2 \\ &= 6 \times [15 - 4] - 9 \times 2 \\ &= 6 \times 11 - 9 \times 2 \\ &= 66 - 18 \\ &= \boxed{48}. \end{aligned}$$

5. He flips heads with probability  $\frac{1}{2}$ , so the answer is  $(\frac{1}{2})^5 = \boxed{\frac{1}{32}}$ .

6. Noting that there are 25 primes less than 100, we can work backwards to get that the 21st prime is  $\boxed{73}$ .

7. Let  $r$  denote the radius of the sphere. We are given that

$$4\pi r^2 = 36\pi \implies r = 3,$$

so the volume of the sphere is  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \boxed{36\pi}$ .

8. Let  $S = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \dots}}} = 4$ . Squaring the equation gives

$$16 = x + S = x + 4 \implies x = \boxed{12},$$

as desired.

9. Note that

$$421^2 - 420^2 = 421 + 420 = 841 = 29^2,$$

so  $29^2 + 420^2 = 421^2$ , and the answer is  $\boxed{421}$ .

10. Let  $S = \frac{1}{7} + \frac{2}{49} + \frac{3}{343} + \dots$ . Then  $\frac{S}{7} = \frac{0}{7} + \frac{1}{49} + \frac{2}{343} + \dots$ , so subtracting the equations gives

$$\frac{6S}{7} = \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{49} + \frac{1}{343} + \dots = \frac{\frac{1}{7}}{1 - \frac{1}{7}} = \frac{1}{6},$$

and  $S = \boxed{\frac{7}{36}}$ .

11. The  $n$ th hexagonal number is given by  $n(2n - 1)$ , so the 7th hexagonal number is  $7 \cdot 13 = \boxed{91}$ .

**12.** The sum of the interior angles of an  $n$ -gon is  $180(n - 2)$ , so the answer is

$$180(29 - 2) = 180 \cdot 27 = \boxed{4860}.$$

**13.** The hundreds digit of  $10!$  is the units digits of

$$10!/100 = 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9,$$

which can be found to be  $\boxed{8}$ .

**14.** Since hexagon is regular, the triangle is equilateral. Additionally,  $AB = BC = 8$ ,  $\angle ABC = 120^\circ$ , so from geometry we get  $AC = 8\sqrt{3}$ . Then the answer is  $3 \cdot 8\sqrt{3} = \boxed{24\sqrt{3}}$ .

**15.** This is equal to  $641 \cdot 22 + 2 = \boxed{14104}$ .

**16.** The smallest such integer must be one of

$$p_1 p_2 p_3 p_4, p_1^3 p_2 p_3, p_1^3 p_2^3, p_1^7 p_2, p_1^{15},$$

where  $p_1 = 2, p_2 = 3, p_3 = 5, p_4 = 7$ . Plugging these in, the smallest integer out of these five is  $p_1^3 p_2 p_3 = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 = \boxed{120}$ .

**17.** We have

$$\begin{aligned} 2021^2 &= (2000 + 21)(2000 + 21) = 2000^2 + 2 \cdot 21 \cdot 2000 + 21^2 \\ &= 4000000 + 84000 + 441 = \boxed{4084441}, \end{aligned}$$

as desired.

**18.** The total amount Anthony will pay is given by

$$\$100,000(1 + 0.012 \cdot 30) = \$136,000,$$

so his average monthly payment is  $\frac{\$136,000}{30 \cdot 12} = \boxed{\$3400}$ .

**19.** The area of a regular octagon with side length  $s$  is  $2s^2(1 + \sqrt{2})$ , so the answer is

$$2 \cdot 4^2 \cdot (1 + \sqrt{2}) = \boxed{32 + 32\sqrt{2}}.$$

**20.** Every second, the distance between Anthony and the baseball decreases by 125 feet, so Anthony reaches the ball after  $375/125 = 3$  seconds. In this time, he runs

$$3 \cdot 25 \text{ feet} = 75 \text{ feet} = 75 \cdot 12 \text{ inches} = \boxed{900} \text{ inches}.$$

**21.** This factors as  $20^{21} = 2^{42} \cdot 5^{21}$ , which has  $43 \cdot 22 = \boxed{946}$  positive divisors.

**22.** Note that  $3^4 \equiv 1 \pmod{10}$ , so

$$1^{337} + 13^{37} + 133^7 \equiv 1 + 3^1 + 3^3 = 31 \equiv \boxed{1} \pmod{10},$$

as desired.

**23.** At the end of every day, the number of monkeys in the tree triples, so if we let  $k$  denote the number of days since the first day, the total number of monkeys in the tree at the end of that day is  $3^k$ . Then 6 days from Friday, the total number of monkeys in the tree is  $3^6 = 729$ , and on the following day, there would be  $3^7 = 2187 > 2021$  monkeys in the tree. This means that the tree collapses 7 days from Friday, which is on a  $\boxed{\text{Friday}}$ .

**24.** Every week, Yang Yang spends  $1 + 2 + \dots + 7 = 28$  hours teaching his dog. 420 days is equivalent to  $420/7 = 60$  weeks, so the total number of hours he spends teaching his dog is  $28 \cdot 60 = \boxed{1680}$ .

**25.** Let  $O$  be the common center of the circle and the square,  $\overline{AB}$  be one of the sides of the octagon, and  $M$  be the midpoint of  $\overline{AB}$ . Since  $\overline{AB}$  is the side of an octagon inscribed in a unit square, we have  $AB = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+1} = \sqrt{2} - 1$ . Since  $\overline{AB}$  is a chord in the circle centered at  $O$ , we have  $\overline{OM} \perp \overline{AB}$ , so  $\triangle OMA$  is a right triangle. Then

$$r^2 = OA^2 = MA^2 + MO^2 = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \boxed{\frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2}}.$$